

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

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Washington, DC 20231
ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE

in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing: 01 April 1999 (01.04.99)	
International application No.: PCT/AU98/00795	Applicant's or agent's file reference: 91306
International filing date: 23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	Priority date: 23 September 1997 (23.09.97)
Applicant: DALY, Roger, John et al	

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

☒ in the demand filed with the International preliminary Examining Authority on:
14 January 1999 (14.01.99)

☐ in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:

2. The election ☒ was

☐ was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Authorized officer: J. Zahra Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38
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01-04-79 26

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

REC'D 08 FEB 1999

WIPO PCT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 91306	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).
International application No. PCT/AU 98/00795	International filing date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 23 September 1998	Priority Date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 23 September 1997
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC Int. Cl.⁶ C12N 15/11, 15/12; C07K 14/46, 19/00, 16/18; G01N 33/68; C12Q 1/68		
Applicant GARVAN INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL RESEARCH et al.		

1.	This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.																								
2.	This REPORT consists of a total of 3 sheets, including this cover sheet. <input type="checkbox"/> This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of sheet(s).																								
3.	This report contains indications relating to the following items: <table style="width: 100%; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 5%;">I</td> <td style="width: 5%;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Basis of the report</td> </tr> <tr> <td>II</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Priority</td> </tr> <tr> <td>III</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IV</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Lack of unity of invention</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VI</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Certain documents cited</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VII</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Certain defects in the international application</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VIII</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>Certain observations on the international application</td> </tr> </table>	I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Basis of the report	II	<input type="checkbox"/>	Priority	III	<input type="checkbox"/>	Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability	IV	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lack of unity of invention	V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement	VI	<input type="checkbox"/>	Certain documents cited	VII	<input type="checkbox"/>	Certain defects in the international application	VIII	<input type="checkbox"/>	Certain observations on the international application
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Date of submission of the demand 14 January 1999	Date of completion of the report 25 January 1999
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200 WODEN ACT 2606 AUSTRALIA Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929	Authorized Officer JULIE CAIRNDUFF Telephone No. (02) 6283 2545

I Basis of the report**1. With regard to the elements of the international application:***

- ☒ the international application as originally filed.
- ☐ the description, pages , as originally filed,
 pages , filed with the demand,
 pages , filed with the letter of .
- ☐ the claims, pages , as originally filed,
 pages , as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,
 pages , filed with the demand,
 pages , filed with the letter of .
- ☐ the drawings, pages , as originally filed,
 pages , filed with the demand,
 pages , filed with the letter of .
- ☐ the sequence listing part of the description:
 pages , as originally filed
 pages , filed with the demand
 pages , filed with the letter of

2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:

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- ☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- ☐ the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, was on the basis of the sequence listing:

- ☒ contained in the international application in written form.
- ☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
- ☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
- ☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished

4. ☐ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- ☐ the description, pages
- ☐ the claims, Nos.
- ☐ the drawings, sheets/fig

5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**

* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement**1. Statement**

Novelty (N)	Claims 1-15	YES
	Claims	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-15	YES
	Claims	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-15	YES
	Claims	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)Citations

D1 : Janes PW et al. (1997) "Structural determinants of the interaction between the erbB2 receptor and the Src homology 2 domain of Grb7" The Journal of Biological Chemistry volume 272(13) pages 8490-8497.

D2 : Keegen K and Cooper JA "Use of the two hybrid systems to detect the association of the protein-tyrosine-phosphatase, SHPTP2, with another SH2-containing protein, Grb7" Oncogene volume 12, pages 1537-1544.

NOVELTY (N) and INVENTIVE STEP (IS)

Neither D1 or D2 disclose a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as shown in SEQ. ID. No:1 or SEQ. ID. No:2. As claims 1 to 15 are directed to these sequences they are considered novel and inventive over D1 and D2.

Claims 1 to 15 possess industrial applicability in the area of cancer research and therapy.

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : C12N 15/11, 15/12, C07K 14/46, 19/00, 16/18, G01N 33/68, C12Q 1/68	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/15647 (43) International Publication Date: 1 April 1999 (01.04.99)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/AU98/00795 (22) International Filing Date: 23 September 1998 (23.09.98) (30) Priority Data: PO 9388 23 September 1997 (23.09.97) AU (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GARVAN INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL RESEARCH [AU/AU]; c/o St. Vincent's Hospital, 384 Victoria Street, Darlinghurst, NSW 2010 (AU). (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): DALY, Roger, John [GB/AU]; 49 Gerard Street, Alexandria, NSW 2015 (AU). SUTHERLAND, Robert, Lyndsay [AU/AU]; 20 Northcote Road, Lindfield, NSW 2070 (AU). (74) Agent: F.B. RICE & CO.; 605 Darling Street, Balmain, NSW 2041 (AU).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: A POTENTIAL EFFECTOR FOR THE GRB7 FAMILY OF SIGNALLING PROTEINS		
(57) Abstract A novel polynucleotide molecule is disclosed which encodes a candidate effector protein for the Grb7 family of signalling proteins. Detection of the protein in a sample such as a homogenised tissue sample should provide a useful tumour marker and/or prognostic indicator for certain human cancers such as breast and prostate cancer.		

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A POTENTIAL EFFECTOR FOR THE GRB7 FAMILY OF SIGNALLING PROTEINS

Field of the Invention:

5

The present invention relates to a novel polynucleotide molecule encoding a candidate effector protein for the Grb7 family of signalling proteins. Detection of the encoded protein in a tissue sample should provide a useful tumour marker and/or prognostic indicator. Furthermore, antagonism of the interaction between Grb7 family members and the encoded protein should provide a novel treatment strategy for human diseases exhibiting aberrant receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) signalling (e.g. cancer).

Background of the Invention

RTKs play a major role in the regulation of cellular growth, differentiation, motility and metabolism by converting an extracellular signal in the form of the binding of a specific hormone or growth factor to the activation of specific signalling pathways and hence modes of intracellular communication (Schlessinger and Ullrich, *Neuron* 9, 383-391, 1992). Activation of RTKs results in both autophosphorylation of the receptor and the phosphorylation of downstream targets on tyrosine residues. It has become evident over the last decade that key elements in receptor-substrate and other protein-protein interactions in RTK signalling are src homology (SH)2 domains. SH2 domains are conserved modules of approximately 100 amino acids found in a wide variety of signalling molecules which bind to short tyrosine-phosphorylated peptide sequences. The specificity of interaction is determined both by the nature of the amino acids flanking the phosphotyrosine residue in the target peptide and residues in the SH2 domain which interact with these sites (Pawson, *Nature* 373, 573-580, 1995).

SH2-domain containing proteins can be divided into two classes: those which possess a catalytic function (e.g. the cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase c-src and the tyrosine phosphatase SH-PTP2) and those which consist entirely of non-catalytic protein domains (eg Grb2), the adaptor sub-class. The function of the latter class is to link separate catalytic subunits to a tyrosine-

phosphorylated receptor or signalling intermediate, and other non-catalytic protein modules are often involved in these interactions. For example, SH3 and WW domains (conserved regions of approximately 50 and 40 amino acids, respectively) bind proline-rich peptide ligands, and pleckstrin
5 homology domains (approximately 100 amino acids) interact with both specific phospholipid and protein targets (Pawson, 1995 *supra*).

The Grb7 family represents a family of SH2 domain-containing adaptors which currently contains three members: Grb7, 10 and 14 (Margolis
et al, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89, 8894-8898, 1992; Stein *et al*, *EMBO J* 13,
10 1331-1340, 1994; Ooi *et al*, *Oncogene* 10, 1621-1630, 1995; Daly *et al*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 271, 12502-12510, 1996). These proteins share a common overall architecture, consisting of an N-terminal region containing a highly conserved proline-rich decapeptide motif, a central region harbouring a PH domain and a C-terminal SH2 domain. The central region of approximately
15 300 amino acids bears significant homology to the *C. elegans* protein mig10, which is required for long range neuronal migration in embryos, otherwise the Grb7 family and mig10 are structurally distinct. However, they exhibit differences in both SH2 selectivity towards RTKs (Janes *et al*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 272, 8490-8497, 1997) and tissue distribution. The family has therefore
20 evolved to link particular receptors to downstream effectors in a tissue-specific manner. Interestingly, the genes encoding this family appear to have co-segregated with *ERBB* family genes during evolution. Thus *GRB7*, 10 and 14 are linked to *ERBB2*, *ERBB1* (epidermal growth factor receptor) and *ERBB4*, respectively (Stein *et al* 1994 *supra*; Ooi *et al*, 1995 *supra*; Baker *et al*,
25 *Genomics* 36, 218-220, 1996). The juxtaposition of *GRB7* and *ERBB2* leads to common co-amplification in human breast cancers, and since the two gene products are functionally linked, likely up-regulation of an undefined *erbB2* signalling pathway. Furthermore, *GRB14* also exhibits differential expression in human breast cancers (Daly *et al*, 1996 *supra*). These two proteins may
30 therefore modulate RTK signalling in this disease.

In order to identify proteins which bind to this family and therefore identify candidate effectors, we performed a genetic screen using the yeast two hybrid system and Grb14 "bait". This application describes the cloning and characterization of a novel interacting protein, currently designated
35 2.2412.

Disclosure of the Invention:

Thus, in a first aspect, the present invention provides an isolated polynucleotide molecule encoding a candidate effector protein for the Grb7
5 family of signalling proteins, wherein the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence having at least 75% sequence identity to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1.

Preferably, the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence having at least 85%, more preferably at least 95%, sequence
10 identity to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1. Most preferably, the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence substantially corresponding to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 2.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention of the first aspect, the
15 polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence which substantially corresponds to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1.

The polynucleotide molecule may be a dominant negative mutant which encodes a gene product causing an altered phenotype by, for example, reducing or eliminating the activity of endogenous effector proteins of the
20 Grb7 family of signalling proteins.

The polynucleotide molecule may be incorporated into plasmids or expression vectors (including viral vectors), which may then be introduced into suitable host cells such as bacterial, yeast, insect and mammalian host cells. Such host cells may be used to express the protein encoded by the
25 polynucleotide molecule.

Accordingly, in a second aspect, the present invention provides a host cell transformed with the polynucleotide molecule of the first aspect.

In a third aspect, the present invention provides a method of producing a protein, comprising culturing the host cell of the second aspect under
30 conditions suitable for the expression of the polynucleotide molecule and optionally recovering the protein.

Preferably, the host cell is mammalian or of insect origin. Where the cell is mammalian, it is presently preferred that it be a Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell or human embryonic kidney (HEK) 293 cell. Where the
35 host cell is of insect origin, it is presently preferred that it be an insect Sf9 cell.

In a fourth aspect, the present invention provides a purified protein encoded by the polynucleotide molecule of the first aspect.

In a preferred embodiment of this aspect, the purified protein comprises an amino acid sequence substantially corresponding to that shown
5 as SEQ ID NO: 2.

In a fifth aspect, the present invention provides a fusion protein comprising an amino acid sequence substantially corresponding to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 2.

Fusion proteins according to the fifth aspect may include an N-
10 terminal fragment of a protein such as β -galactosidase to assist in the expression and selection of host cells expressing candidate effector protein, or may include a functional fragment of any other suitable protein to confer additional activity(ies).

In a sixth aspect, the present invention provides an antibody or
15 fragment thereof which specifically binds to the protein of the fourth aspect.

The antibody may be monoclonal or polyclonal, however, it is presently preferred that the antibody is a monoclonal antibody. Suitable antibody fragments include Fab, F(ab')₂ and scFv.

In a seventh aspect, the present invention provides an oligonucleotide
20 probe comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least 12 nucleotides, the oligonucleotide probe comprising a nucleotide sequence such that the oligonucleotide probe selectively hybridises to the polynucleotide molecule of the first aspect under high stringency conditions (Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual*, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor
25 Laboratory Press).

In a preferred embodiment of this aspect, the oligonucleotide probe is labelled. In a further preferred embodiment of this aspect, the oligonucleotide probe comprises a nucleotide sequence of at least 18
nucleotides.

30 In an eighth aspect, the present invention provides a method of detecting in a sample the presence of an effector protein for the Grb7 family of proteins, the method comprising reacting the sample with an antibody or fragment thereof of the sixth aspect, and detecting the binding of the antibody or fragment thereof.

The method of the eighth aspect may be conducted using any immunoassays well known in the art (e.g. ELISA). The sample may be, for example, a cell lysate or homogenate prepared from a tissue biopsy.

In a ninth aspect, the present invention provides a method of detecting
5 in a sample the presence of mRNA encoding an effector protein for the Grb7 family of proteins, the method comprising reacting the sample with an oligonucleotide probe of the seventh aspect, and detecting the binding of the probe.

The method of the ninth aspect may be conducted using any
10 hybridisation assays well known in the art (e.g. Northern blot). The sample may be a poly(A) RNA preparation or homogenate prepared from a tissue biopsy.

Grb7 family proteins exhibit differential expression in certain human cancers (particularly breast and prostate cancer) and may therefore be
15 involved in tumour progression. Detection of the protein encoded by the cDNA 2.2412 in a sample should provide a useful tumour marker and/or prognostic indicator for these cancers. Furthermore, the interaction of Grb7 family members with 2.2412 may provide a novel target for therapeutic intervention.

20 It is to be understood that methods of detecting suitable agonists and methods of therapy utilising detected agonists also form part of the present invention.

The term "substantially corresponds" as used herein in relation to the nucleotide sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 1 is intended to encompass minor
25 variations in the nucleotide sequence which due to degeneracy in the DNA code do not result in a change in the encoded protein. Further, this term is intended to encompass other minor variations in the sequence which may be required to enhance expression in a particular system but in which the variations do not result in a decrease in biological activity of the encoded
30 protein.

The term "substantially corresponding" as used herein in relation to the amino acid sequences shown as SEQ ID NO: 2 is intended to encompass minor variations in the amino acid sequences which do not result in a decrease in biological activity of the protein. These variations may include
35 conservative amino acid substitutions. The substitutions envisaged are:-

G, A, V, I, L, M; D, E; N, Q; S, T; K, R, H; F, Y, W, H; and

P, N α -alkalamino acids.

The terms "comprise", "comprises" and "comprising" as used throughout the specification are intended to refer to the inclusion of a stated step, component or feature of group of steps, components of features with or without the inclusion of a further step, component or feature or group of steps, components or features.

The invention will hereinafter be described with reference to the accompanying figure and the following, non-limiting example.

Brief description of the accompanying figure:

Figure 1 provides the nucleotide and amino acid (single letter code) sequence of 2.2412. Numbers refer to distances in base pairs. Ankyrin-type repeat sequences are underlined. An additional repeat sequence is indicated by italics. The stop codon is represented by an asterisk. The original cDNA clone 2.2412 isolated by the two hybrid screen spans nucleotides 694-2664 of this sequence.

Figure 2 provides a map of the 2.2412-binding region on Grb14.

A. Structure of the deletion constructs used in the analysis. Gal4 DNA-BD fusion constructs encoding full length Grb14 (FL), the N-terminal (N), central region (C) and N-terminal + central region (N + C) were generated in the vector pAS2.1.

B. Results of β -galactosidase activity assays following transformation of the above plasmids into yeast strain Y190 together with the original 2.2412 cDNA clone in pACT-2.

Example: CLONING AND CHARACTERISATION OF 2.2412

Yeast two hybrid screen

The yeast two hybrid system exploits protein-protein interactions to reconstitute a functional transcriptional activator which can then be detected using a gene reporter system (Fields and Sternglanz, *TIG*, 10, 286-292, 1994). The technique takes advantage of the properties of the Gal4 protein of the yeast *S. cerevisiae*. The Gal4 DNA binding domain (DNA-BD) or activation domain (AD) alone are incapable of inducing transcription. However, an interaction between two proteins synthesized as DNA-BD- and AD-fusions, respectively, brings the Gal4 domains into close proximity and results in

transcriptional activation of two reporter genes (*HIS3* and *LacZ*) which can be monitored by growth on selective medium and biochemical assays.

A plasmid construct encoding a Gal4 DNA-BD-Grb14 fusion was generated as follows. The plasmid *GRB14/pRcCMVF* containing full length
5 *GRB14* cDNA (Daly *et al*, 1996) was restricted with *HindIII* and Klenow treated to create blunt ends, and then digested with *BclI* to release three fragments of approximately 1.1, 4.2 and 1.7 kb. The 1.7 kb fragment was isolated and cloned into the *NdeI* (Klenow treated) and *BamHI* sites of the yeast expression vector pAS2.1 (Clontech) to generate *GRB14/pAS2.1*
10 containing an in-frame fusion of full length Grb14 with the GAL4 DNA-BD. This construct was introduced by electroporation into the yeast strain CG1945 (*MATa*, *ura3-52*, *his3-200*, *ade2-101*, *lys2-801*, *trp1-901*, *leu2-3, 112*, *gal4-542*, *gal80-538*, *cyl1^r2*, *LYS2::GAL1UAS-GAL1TATA-HIS3*, *URA3::GAL417mers(x3)-CYC1TATA-lacZ*) selecting for tryptophan
15 prototrophy. The expression of the fusion protein was verified by Western blot analysis with antibodies directed against the Flag epitope and the Gal4 DNA-BD. The recipient strain was then grown to mid-log phase and a human liver cDNA library in the vector pACT2 (Clontech) introduced using the LiAc procedure (Schiestl and Gietz, *Curr. Genet.* 16, 339-346, 1989). Transformants
20 were then selected for tryptophan, leucine and histidine prototrophy in the presence of 5mM 3-aminotriazole.

From a screen of 1×10^6 clones, 39 colonies were initially selected on synthetic complete (SC)-leu-his-trp + 3AT medium and were then tested for β -galactosidase activity. 12 clones scored positive in the latter assay and were
25 subjected to cycloheximide (CHX) curing to remove the bait plasmid by streaking out on SC-leu media containing 10ug/ml CHX (pAS2-1 contains the *CYH2* gene which restores CHX sensitivity to CG1945 cells). This enabled confirmation of the bait dependency of *LacZ* activation and subsequent isolation of the pACT2 plasmids encoding interacting proteins by standard
30 methodology (Philippsen *et al*, *Methods in Enzymology* 194, 170-177). Back transformations were then performed in which these pACT2 plasmids were introduced into CG1945 strains containing the bait plasmid (*GRB14/pAS2-1*) or constructs encoding non-related Gal4 DNA-BD fusions in order to confirm the specificity of the interactions.

35 The DNA sequences of the cDNA inserts were then obtained by cycle sequencing (f-mol kit, Promega) using pACT2-specific and/or clone-specific

primers. Based on their nucleotide sequences the 12 interacting clones were classified into 6 independent groups (see Table I).

TABLE I: Characterization of cDNA clones isolated by the yeast two
5 hybrid screen.

	Class	No. of clones	Identity	Mean RLU (Liquid assay)	Colour intensity (Filter assay)
10	1	6	Nedd4	2.86×10^6	++++
	2	2	Htk	1.86×10^5	++
	3	1	2.2412	5.18×10^6	++++
	4	1	Proteosome	3.88×10^2	+/-
	5	1	Somatostatin	1.45×10^3	+/-
15			receptor		
	6	1	L-arginine:glycine amidinotransferase	8.61×10^2	+/-

The 12 clones exhibiting activation of both the *HIS3* and *lacZ* reporter genes were divided
 20 into 6 groups by sequence analysis of their cDNA inserts. Results of β -galactosidase activity assays performed using two methodologies are shown. The liquid culture-derived method (Galacto-Light, TROPIX) is more quantitative: results are given in mean relative light units (RLU) and are normalized for the protein content of the samples. Blue/white screening of the cDNA clones was also performed using a colony lift filter assay (Clontech). The intensity of blue colour development over
 25 approximately 2h is scored from +/- (very weak) to ++++ (strong).

Six clones were partial cDNAs corresponding to Nedd4, a multidomain protein containing a calcium-dependent phospholipid binding (CaLB) domain, four WW domains and a C-terminal region homologous to the E6-AP
 30 carboxyl-terminus (Kumar *et al*, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 185, 1155-1161, 1992; Sudol *et al* *J. Biol. Chem.* 270, 14733-14741, 1995; Huibregtse *et al* *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92, 2563-2567, 1995). The latter is likely to confer E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity on Nedd4. The pACT2 clones isolated encoded the CaLB domain together with the first 22 amino acids of the first
 35 WW domain.

Two clones encoded the intracellular region and part of the extracellular domain of Htk, which is a RTK of the Eph family (Bennett *et al J. Biol. Chem.* 269, 14211-14218, 1994). The recruitment of Grb14 by Htk is of interest for two reasons. First, the expression profile of both Htk and the murine homologue myk-1 are indicative of a potential role in mammary gland development and neoplasia (Andres *et al Oncogene* 9, 1461-1467, 1994; Berclaz *et al Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 226, 869-875, 1996). Second, Eph family members may be involved in the regulation of cell migration (Tessier-Lavigne, *Cell* 82, 345-348, 1995), which is intriguing given the homology of the Grb7 family to the *C. elegans* protein mig10 (Stein *et al.* 1994 *supra*).

A novel cDNA of 1971 bp, designated 2.2412, was also isolated. This clone encoded a polypeptide of 657 amino acids in frame with the Gal4 DNA-BD. The cDNA did not contain a stop codon, and this, together with the Northern analysis described below, indicated that it was incomplete. This DNA fragment was therefore used as a probe to screen a human placental cDNA library (5' STRETCH PLUS, Clontech, in λ gt10). This resulted in the isolation of two clones, designated clone 8 and clone 12. Clone 8 was approximately 2 kb and overlapped the original 2.2412 clone by 900 bp at the 3' end. This clone provided the carboxy-terminal end of the 2.2412 protein sequence (Figure 1). Clone 12 was approximately 3.5 kb and to date has provided an additional 692 bp of sequence information in the 5' direction. The nucleotide and protein sequence for 2.2412 provided by these overlapping clones is shown in Figure 1. Since a 5' initiation codon has yet to be identified the coding sequence still appears to be incomplete.

Further characterization of 2.2412

Database searches using the 2.2412 cDNA sequence revealed significant homology with a large number of proteins containing ankyrin-like repeats. These sequences were first identified as homologous regions between certain cell cycle regulatory proteins and the *Drosophila* protein Notch (Breedon and Nasmyth, *Nature* 329, 651-654, 1987) but subsequently they have been identified in a wide variety of other proteins where they are thought to function in protein-protein interactions (Bork, *Proteins* 17, 363-374, 1993). Subsequent analysis of the protein sequence identified 18 consecutive ankyrin repeats and an additional repetitive element (Figure 1). The ankyrin repeat region is followed by a stretch of approximately 40 amino

acids rich in serine residues. The remaining C-terminal region has a relatively high content of charged amino acids.

Northern analysis of 2.2412 mRNA expression

5 Northern blot analysis of multiple tissue northern (Clontech) was performed using the original 2.2412 cDNA as a probe. This resulted in the detection of a single mRNA transcript of approximately 7 kb in all tissues examined with the exception of the kidney. Expression was particularly high in skeletal muscle and placenta. The size of this transcript compared to that
10 of the 2.2412 clone indicates that the latter represents only a partial cDNA.

Genomic localization of the 2.2412 gene

Fluorescence *in situ* hybridization of the original 2.2412 cDNA to normal metaphases (Baker *et al*, 1996 *supra*) and reference to the FRA10A
15 fragile site at 10q23.32 localized the gene to between chromosome 10q23.2 and proximal 10q23.32. Interestingly, deletions in the 10q22-25 region of chromosome 10 have been detected in a variety of human cancers including breast, prostate, renal, small cell lung and endometrial carcinomas, glioblastoma multiforme, melanoma and meningiomas, suggesting the
20 presence of one or more tumour suppressive loci in this region (Li *et al*, *Science* 275, 1943-1947, 1997; Steck *et al*, *Nature Genetics* 15, 356-362, 1997, and references therein). Two candidate tumour suppressor genes have been identified in this region (MMAC1/PTEN and MXI1. Li *et al* 1997 *supra*; Steck *et al* 1997 *supra*; Albarosa *et al*, *Hum. Genet.* 95, 709-711, 1995).

25

Analysis of the interaction between 2.2412 and Grb7 family members

cDNAs encoding the full length and N- and C-terminal regions of the original 2.2412 cDNA clone (nucleotides 694-2664, 694-1614 and 1615-2664 of the sequence shown in Figure 1, respectively) were cloned into the vector
30 pGEX4T2 (Pharmacia). The full length construct was generated by subcloning from the pACT2 clone as a NdeI fragment, whereas the shorter constructs were synthesized by directional cloning of PCR products. The corresponding GST-fusion proteins were purified from IPTG-induced bacterial cultures using glutathione-agarose beads (Smith and Johnson, *Gene*
35 67, 31-40, 1988). These immobilized fusion proteins were then incubated with lysates from cells expressing Flag epitope-tagged Grb14 (Daly *et al*, 1996

supra) or human breast cancer cells expressing high levels of Grb7 (SK-BR-3; Stein *et al.*, 1994) as described previously (Daly *et al.*, 1996). Following washing, bound proteins were detected by Western blot analysis. The results indicated that 2.2412 bound specifically to both Grb14 and Grb7 *in vitro*, and that the N-terminal fusion protein bound more strongly than that derived from the C-terminus. These data, obtained using a different methodology for detecting protein-protein interactions to the yeast two hybrid system, confirm that 2.2412 interacts with Grb14. Furthermore, 2.2412 also binds Grb7. Consequently 2.2412 appears to represent a general effector for the Grb7 family.

Mapping of the 2.2412 binding region on Grb14

In order to identify the region of Grb14 that interacts with 2.2412, a series of Grb14 deletion mutants were generated by cloning PCR fragments synthesized using the appropriate flanking primers into the vector pAS2.1. These fragments spanned the following regions: N-terminus ("N", amino acids 1-110), the central region ("C") encompassing the mig10 homology and the "between PH and SH2" (BPS) domain (amino acids 110-437) and the N-terminal and central regions ("N + C", amino acids 1-437). These plasmids were individually transformed into the yeast strain Y190 (*MATa*, *ura3-52*, *his3-200*, *ade2-101*, *lys2-801*, *trp1-901*, *leu2-3, 112*, *gal4Δ*, *gal80Δ*, *cyh^r2*, *LYS2::GAL1UAS-HIS3TATA-HIS3*, *URA3::GAL1UAS-GAL1TATA-lacZ*) and expression of the appropriately sized Gal4 DNA-BD fusion proteins confirmed by Western blotting. Following transformation of the resulting yeast strains with the original 2.2412 cDNA clone in pACT-2, the strength of the interaction was determined by either liquid- or filter-based β -galactosidase assays. The results are presented in Figure 2, and demonstrate that the N-terminal region of Grb14 is not only required, but is also sufficient, for binding 2.2412. This supports the hypothesis that 2.2412 represents a general effector for the Grb7 family, since the N-terminal region of these proteins contains a highly conserved proline-rich motif which may mediate this interaction.

It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that numerous variations and/or modifications may be made to the invention as shown in the specific embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention as broadly described. The present embodiments are, therefore, to
5 be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive.

Sequence listings:**SEQUENCE LISTING**

Applicant: Garvan Institute of Medical Research

Title of Invention: A potential effector for the Grb7 family of signalling proteins.

Current Application Number:

Current Filing Date:

Prior Application Number: P09388

Prior Application Filing Date: 1997-09-23

Number of ID SEQ Nos: 2

Software: PatentIn Ver. 2.0

SEQ ID NO: 1

Length: 3400

Type: DNA

Organism: Homo sapiens

Sequence: 1

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attaaaggaa agattgatgt ttgcattgtg ctgttacagc atggagctga gccaaccatc 180
cgaaatacag atggaaggac agcattggat ttagcagatc catctgccaa agcagtgett 240
actggtgaat ataagaaaga tgaactctta gaaagtgccca ggagtggcaa tgaagaaaaa 300
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actccattac atttggcagc aggatataac agagtaaaga ttgtacagct gttactgcaa 420
catggacgtg atgtccatgc taaagataaa ggtgatctgg taccattaca caatgcctgt 480
tcttatgggt attatgaagt aactgaactt ttggtcaagc atggtggctg tgtaaatgca 540
atggacttgt ggcaattcac tcctcttcat gaggcagctt ctaagaacag ggttgaagta 600
tgttctcttc tcttaagtta tgggtgcagac ccaacactgc tcaattgtaa gaataaaagt 660
gctatagact tggctcccac accacagtta aaagaaagat tagcatatga atttaaaggc 720
cactcgttgc tgcaagctgc acgagaagct gatgttactc gaatcaaaaa acatctctct 780
ctggaaatgg tgaatttcaa gcatcctcaa acacatgaaa cagcattgca ttgtgctgct 840
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gaagttgcag agtatttgtt acaacacgga gctgatgtga atgcccaga caaaggagga 1860
cttattcctt tacataatgc agcatcttac gggcatgtag atgtagcagc tctactaata 1920
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aagtataatg catctctcaa tgccacggac aaatgggctt tcacaccttt gcacgaagca 1980
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attacttacc agattatgag gcctgaaggt atggtcgatg gataaatagt tattttaaga 3240
aactaattcc actgaaccta aaatcatcaa agcagcagtg gcctctacgt tttactcctt 3300
tgctgaaaaa aaatcatctt gccacaggc ctgtggcaaa aggataaaaa tgtgaacgaa 3360
gtttaacatt ctgacttgat aaagctttaa taatgtacag 3400

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SEQ ID NO: 2

Length: 1074

Type: PRT

Organism: Homo sapiens

Sequence: 2

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Ile Pro Leu His Asn Ala Cys Ser Phe Gly His Ala Glu Val Val Asn
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Leu Leu Leu Arg His Gly Ala Asp Pro Asn Ala Arg Asp Asn Trp Asn
      20             25             30

Tyr Thr Pro Leu His Glu Ala Ala Ile Lys Gly Lys Ile Asp Val Cys
      35             40             45

Ile Val Leu Leu Gln His Gly Ala Glu Pro Thr Ile Arg Asn Thr Asp
      50             55             60

Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Asp Leu Ala Asp Pro Ser Ala Lys Ala Val Leu
      65             70             75             80

Thr Gly Glu Tyr Lys Lys Asp Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ala Arg Ser Gly
      85             90             95

Asn Glu Glu Lys Met Met Ala Leu Leu Thr Pro Leu Asn Val Asn Cys
      100            105            110

His Ala Ser Asp Gly Arg Lys Ser Thr Pro Leu His Leu Ala Ala Gly
      115            120            125

Tyr Asn Arg Val Lys Ile Val Gln Leu Leu Leu Gln His Gly Arg Asp
      130            135            140

Val His Ala Lys Asp Lys Gly Asp Leu Val Pro Leu His Asn Ala Cys

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15

145		150		155		160
Ser Tyr Gly His Tyr	Glu Val Thr Glu Leu	Leu Val Lys His Gly Gly				
	165	170			175	
Cys Val Asn Ala Met Asp	Leu Trp Gln Phe Thr Pro	Leu His Glu Ala				
	180	185		190		
Ala Ser Lys Asn Arg Val	Glu Val Cys Ser Leu Leu	Leu Ser Tyr Gly				
	195	200		205		
Ala Asp Pro Thr Leu Leu	Asn Cys Lys Asn Lys Ser	Ala Ile Asp Leu				
	210	215		220		
Ala Pro Thr Pro Gln Leu	Lys Glu Arg Leu Ala Tyr	Glu Phe Lys Gly				
	225	230		235		240
His Ser Leu Leu Gln Ala	Ala Arg Glu Ala Asp Val	Thr Arg Ile Lys				
	245	250		255		
Lys His Leu Ser Leu Glu	Met Val Asn Phe Lys His	Pro Gln Thr His				
	260	265		270		
Glu Thr Ala Leu His Cys	Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr	Pro Lys Arg Lys				
	275	280		285		
Gln Ile Cys Glu Leu Leu	Leu Arg Lys Gly Ala Asn	Ile Asn Glu Lys				
	290	295		300		
Thr Lys Glu Phe Leu Thr	Pro Leu His Val Ala Ser	Glu Lys Ala His				
	305	310		315		320
Asn Asp Val Val Glu Val	Val Val Lys His Glu Ala	Lys Val Asn Ala				
	325	330		335		
Leu Asp Asn Leu Gly Gln	Thr Ser Leu His Arg Ala	Ala Tyr Cys Gly				
	340	345		350		
His Leu Gln Thr Cys Arg	Leu Leu Leu Ser Tyr Gly	Cys Asp Pro Asn				
	355	360		365		
Ile Ile Ser Leu Gln Gly	Phe Thr Ala Leu Gln Met	Gly Asn Glu Asn				
	370	375		380		
Val Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln	Glu Gly Ile Ser Leu Gly	Asn Ser Glu Ala				
	385	390		395		400
Asp Arg Gln Leu Leu Glu	Ala Ala Lys Ala Gly Asp	Val Glu Thr Val				
	405	410		415		
Lys Lys Leu Cys Thr Val	Gln Ser Val Asn Cys Arg	Asp Ile Glu Gly				
	420	425		430		
Arg Gln Ser Thr Pro Leu	His Phe Ala Ala Gly Tyr	Asn Arg Val Ser				
	435	440		445		
Val Val Glu Tyr Leu Leu	Gln His Gly Ala Asp Val	His Ala Lys Asp				
	450	455		460		
Lys Gly Gly Leu Val Pro	Leu His Asn Ala Cys Ser	Tyr Gly His Tyr				

465		470		475		480
Glu Val Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Lys His Gly Ala Val Val Asn Val Ala						
	485			490		495
Asp Leu Trp Lys Phe Thr Pro Leu His Glu Ala Ala Ala Lys Gly Lys						
	500			505		510
Tyr Glu Ile Cys Lys Leu Leu Leu Gln His Gly Ala Asp Pro Thr Lys						
	515			520		525
Lys Asn Arg Asp Gly Asn Thr Pro Leu Asp Leu Val Lys Asp Gly Asp						
	530			535		540
Thr Asp Ile Gln Asp Leu Leu Arg Gly Asp Ala Ala Leu Leu Asp Ala						
	545			550		555
Ala Lys Lys Gly Cys Leu Ala Arg Val Lys Lys Leu Ser Ser Pro Asp						
	565			570		575
Asn Val Asn Cys Arg Asp Thr Gln Gly Arg His Ser Thr Pro Leu His						
	580			585		590
Leu Ala Ala Gly Tyr Asn Asn Leu Glu Val Ala Glu Tyr Leu Leu Gln						
	595			600		605
His Gly Ala Asp Val Asn Ala Gln Asp Lys Gly Gly Leu Ile Pro Leu						
	610			615		620
His Asn Ala Ala Ser Tyr Gly His Val Asp Val Ala Ala Leu Leu Ile						
	625			630		635
Lys Tyr Asn Ala Ser Leu Asn Ala Thr Asp Lys Trp Ala Phe Thr Pro						
	645			650		655
Leu His Glu Ala Ala Gln Lys Gly Arg Thr Gln Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu						
	660			665		670
Leu Ala His Gly Ala Asp Pro Thr Leu Lys Asn Gln Glu Gly Gln Thr						
	675			680		685
Pro Leu Asp Leu Val Ser Ala Asp Asp Val Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Ala						
	690			695		700
Ala Met Pro Pro Ser Ala Leu Pro Ser Cys Tyr Lys Pro Gln Val Leu						
	705			710		715
Asn Gly Val Arg Ser Pro Gly Ala Thr Ala Asp Ala Leu Ser Ser Gly						
	725			730		735
Pro Ser Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Leu Asp Asn Leu						
	740			745		750
Ser Gly Ser Phe Ser Glu Leu Ser Ser Val Val Ser Ser Ser Gly Thr						
	755			760		765
Glu Gly Ala Ser Ser Leu Glu Lys Lys Glu Val Pro Gly Val Asp Phe						
	770			775		780
Ser Ile Thr Gln Phe Val Arg Asn Leu Gly Leu Glu His Leu Met Asp						

785		790		795		800
Ile Phe Glu Arg	Glu Gln Ile Thr Leu Asp	Val Leu Val Glu Met Gly				
	805	810			815	
His Lys Glu Leu	Lys Glu Ile Gly Ile Asn Ala Tyr Gly	His Arg His				
	820	825			830	
Lys Leu Ile Lys	Gly Val Glu Arg Leu Ile Ser Gly	Gln Gln Gly Leu				
	835	840			845	
Asn Pro Tyr Leu	Thr Leu Asn Thr Ser Gly Ser Gly	Thr Ile Leu Ile				
	850	855			860	
Asp Leu Ser Pro	Asp Asp Lys Glu Phe Gln Ser Val Glu Glu Glu Met					
	865	870			875	880
Gln Ser Thr Val	Arg Glu His Arg Asp Gly Gly His Ala Gly Gly Ile					
	885	890				895
Phe Asn Arg Tyr	Asn Ile Leu Lys Ile Gln Lys Val Cys Asn Lys Lys					
	900	905			910	
Leu Trp Glu Arg	Tyr Thr His Arg Arg Lys Glu Val Ser Glu Glu Asn					
	915	920			925	
His Asn His Ala	Asn Glu Arg Met Leu Phe His Gly Ser Pro Phe Val					
	930	935			940	
Asn Ala Ile Ile	His Lys Gly Phe Asp Glu Arg His Ala Tyr Ile Gly					
	945	950			955	960
Gly Met Phe Gly	Ala Gly Ile Tyr Phe Ala Glu Asn Ser Ser Lys Ser					
	965	970				975
Asn Gln Tyr Val	Tyr Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Thr Gly Cys Pro Val His					
	980	985				990
Lys Asp Arg Ser	Cys Tyr Ile Cys His Arg Gln Leu Leu Phe Cys Arg					
	995	1000			1005	
Val Thr Leu Gly	Lys Ser Phe Leu Gln Phe Ser Ala Met Lys Met Ala					
	1010	1015			1020	
His Ser Pro Pro	Gly His His Ser Val Thr Gly Arg Pro Ser Val Asn					
	1025	1030			1035	1040
Gly Leu Ala Leu	Ala Glu Tyr Val Ile Tyr Arg Gly Glu Gln Ala Tyr					
	1045	1050				1055
Pro Glu Tyr Leu	Ile Thr Tyr Gln Ile Met Arg Pro Glu Gly Met Val					
	1060	1065			1070	
Asp Gly						

Claims:

1. An isolated polynucleotide molecule encoding a candidate effector protein for the Grb7 family of signalling proteins, wherein the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence having at least 75% sequence identity to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1.
2. A polynucleotide molecule according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1.
3. A polynucleotide molecule according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1.
4. A polynucleotide molecule according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide molecule comprises a nucleotide sequence which substantially corresponds to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 1.
5. A host cell transformed with a polynucleotide molecule according to any one of the preceding claims.
6. A host cell according to claim 5, wherein the host cell is a mammalian, insect, yeast or bacterial host cell.
7. A method of producing a protein, comprising culturing the host cell of claim 5 or 6 under conditions suitable for the expression of the polynucleotide molecule and optionally recovering the protein.
8. A purified protein encoded by a polynucleotide molecule according to any one of claims 1 to 4.
9. A purified protein according to claim 8, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence substantially corresponding to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 2.

10. A fusion protein comprising an amino acid sequence substantially corresponding to that shown as SEQ ID NO: 2.
11. An antibody or fragment thereof which specifically binds to a protein
5 according to claim 8 or 9.
12. An oligonucleotide probe comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least 12 nucleotides, the oligonucleotide probe comprising a nucleotide sequence such that the oligonucleotide probe selectively hybridises to the
10 polynucleotide molecule of any one of claims 1 to 4 under high stringency conditions.
13. An oligonucleotide probe according to claim 12. wherein the oligonucleotide probe comprises a nucleotide sequence of at least 18
15 nucleotides.
14. A method of detecting in a sample the presence of an effector protein for the Grb7 family of proteins, the method comprising reacting the sample with an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 11.
20
15. A method of detecting in a sample the presence of mRNA encoding an effector protein for the Grb7 family of proteins, the method comprising reacting the sample with an oligonucleotide probe of claim 12 or 13.

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FIGURE 1

ATTCCTCTTCATAATGCATGCTCTTTTGGTCATGCTGAAGTAGTCAATCTCCTTTTGGCGACATGGTGCAG 70
I P L H N A C S F G H A E V V N L L L R H G A

ACCCCAATGCTCGAGATAATTGGAATTATACTCCTCTCCATGAAGCTGCAATTAAAGGAAAGATTGATGT 140
D P N A R D N W N Y T P L H E A A I K G K I D V

TTGCATGTGCTGTTACAGCATGGAGCTGAGCCAACCATCCGAAATACAGATGGAAGGACAGCATTGGAT 210
C I V L L Q H G A E P T I R N T D G R T A L D

TTAGCAGATCCATCTGCCAAAGCAGTGCTTACTGGTGAATATAAGAAAGATGAACTCTTAGAAAGTGCCA 280
L A D P S A K A V L T G E Y K K D E L L E S A

GGAGTGGCAATGAAGAAAAATGATGGCTCTACTCACACCATTAAATGTCAACTGCCACGCAAGTGATGG 350
R S G N E E K M M A L L T P L N V N C H A S D G

CAGAAAGTCAACTCCATTACATTGGCAGCAGGATATAACAGAGTAAAGATTGTACAGCTGTTACTGCAA 420
R K S T P L H L A A G Y N R V K I V Q L L L Q

CATGGACGTGATGTCCATGCTAAAGATAAAGGTGATCTGGTACCATTACACAATGCCTGTTCTTATGGTC 490
H G R D V H A K D K G D L V P L H N A C S Y G

ATTATGAAGTAACTGAACTTTTGGTCAAGCATGGTGGCTGTGTAATGCAATGGACTTGTGGCAATTCAC 560
H Y E V T E L L V K H G G C V N A M D L W Q F T

TCCTCTTCATGAGGCAGCTTCTAAGAACAGGGTTGAAGTATGTTCTCTCTCTTAAGTTATGGTGCAGAC 630
P L H E A A S K N R V E V C S L L L S Y G A D

CCAACACTGCTCAATTGTAAGAATAAAAGTGCTATAGACTTGGCTCCCACACCACAGTTAAAAAGAAAGAT 700
P T L L N C K N K S A I D L A P T P Q L K E R

TAGCATATGAATTTAAAGGCCACTCGTTGCTGCAAGCTGCACGAGAAGCTGATGTTACTCGAATCAAAAA 770
L A Y E F K G H S L L Q A A R E A D V T R I K K

ACATCTCTCTCTGGAAATGGTGAATTTCAAGCATCCTCAAACACATGAAACAGCATTGCATTGTGCTGCT 840
H L S L E M V N F K H P Q T H E T A L H C A A

GCATCTCCATATCCCAAAGAAAGCAAATATGTGAACTGTTGCTAAGAAAAGGAGCAAACATCAATGAAA 910
A S P Y P K R K Q I C E L L L R K G A N I N E

AGACTAAAGAATTCTTGACTCCTCTGCACGTGGCATCTGAGAAAGCTCATAATGATGTTGTTGAAGTAGT 980
K T K E F L T P L H V A S E K A H N D V V E V V

GGTGAAACATGAAGCAAAGGTTAATGCTCTGGATAATCTTGGTCAGACTTCTCTACACAGAGCTGCATAT 1050
V K H E A K V N A L D N L G Q T S L H R A A Y

TGTGGTCATCTACAAACCTGCCGCCTACTCCTGAGCTATGGGTGTGATCCTAACATTATATCCCTTCAGG 1120
C G H L Q T C R L L L S Y G C D P N I I S L Q

GCTTTACTGCTTTACAGATGGGAAATGAAAATGTACAGCAACTCCTCCAAGAGGGTATCTCATTAGGTAA 1190
G F T A L Q M G N E N V Q Q L L Q E G I S L G N

TTCAGAGGCAGACAGACAATTGCTGGAAGCTGCAAAGGCTGGAGATGTGAACTGTAAAAAACTGTGT 1260
S E A D R Q L L E A A K A G D V E T V K K L C

ACTGTTTCAGAGTGTCAACTGCAGAGACATTGAAGGGCGTCAGTCTACACCACTTCATTTTGCAGCTGGGT 1330
T V Q S V N C R D I E G R Q S T P L H F A A G

ATAACAGAGTGTCCGTGGTGAATATCTGCTACAGCATGGAGCTGATGTGCATGCTAAAGATAAAGGAGG 1400
Y N R V S V V E Y L L Q H G A D V H A K D K G G

CCTTGACCTTTGCACAATGCATGTTCTTACGGACATTATGAAGTTGCAGAAGCTTCTTGTTAAACATGGA 1470
L V P L H N A C S Y G H Y E V A E L L V K H G

GCAGTAGTTAATGTAGCTGATTATGGAAATTTACACCTTTACATGAAGCAGCAGCAAAAGGAAAATATG 1540
A V V N V A D L W K F T P L H E A A A K G K Y

AAATTTGCAAACCTTCTGCTCCAGCATGGTGCAGACCTTACAAAAAAAACAGGGATGGAAATACTCCTTT 1610
E I C K L L L Q H G A D P T K K N R D G N T P L

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GGATCTTGTTAAAGATGGAGATACAGATATTCAAGATCTGCTTAGGGGAGATGCAGCTTTGCTAGATGCT 1680
D L V K D G D T D I Q D L L R G D A A L L D A

GCCAAGAAGGGTTGTTTAGCCAGAGTGAAGAAGTTGTCTTCTCCTGATAATGTAAATTGCCGCGATACCC 1750
A K K G C L A R V K K L S S P D N V N C R D T

AAGGCAGACATTCAACACCTTTACATTTAGCAGCTGGTTATAATAATTTAGAAGTGCAGAGTATTTGTT 1820
Q G R H S T P L H L A A G Y N N L E V A E Y L L

ACAACACGGAGCTGATGTGAATGCCCAAGACAAAGGAGGACTTATTCCTTTACATAATGCAGCATCTTAC 1890
Q H G A D V N A Q D K G G L I P L H N A A S Y

GGGCATGTAGATGTAGCAGCTCTACTAATAAAGTATAATGCATCTCTCAATGCCACGGACAAATGGGCTT 1960
G H V D V A A L L I K Y N A S L N A T D K W A

TCACACCTTTGCACGAAGCAGCCCCAAAGGGACGAACACAGCTTTGTGCTTTGTTGCTAGCCCATGGAGC 2030
F T P L H E A A Q K G R T Q L C A L L L A H G A

TGACCCGACTCTTAAAAATCAGGAAGGACAAACACCTTTAGATTTAGTTTCAGCAGATGATGTCAGCGCT 2100
D P T L K N Q E G Q T P L D L V S A D D V S A

CTTCTGACAGCAGCCATGCCCCCATCTGCTCTGCCCTCTTGTTACAAGCCTCAAGTGCTCAATGGTGTGA 2170
L L T A A M P P S A L P S C Y K P Q V L N G V

GAAGCCCAGGAGCCACTGCAGATGCTCTCTCTTCAGGTCCATCTAGCCCATCAAGCCTTCTGCAGCCAG 2240
R S P G A T A D A L S S G P S S P S S L S A A S

CAGTCTTGACAACCTTATCTGGGAGTTTTTTCAGAACTGTCTTCAGTAGTTAGTTCAAGTGGAACAGAGGGT 2310
S L D N L S G S F S E L S S V V S S S G T E G

GCTTCCAGTTTGGAGAAAAAGGAGGTTCCAGGAGTAGATTTTAGCATAACTCAATTGTAAGGAATCTTG 2380
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G L E H L M D I F E R E Q I T L D V L V E M G H

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L I S G Q Q G L N P Y L T L N T S G S G T I L

TAGATCTGTCTCCTGATGATAAAGAGTTTCAGTCTGTGGAGGAAGAGATGCAAAGTACAGTTTCGAGAGCA 2660
I D L S P D D K E F Q S V E E E M Q S T V R E H

CAGAGATGGAGGTCATGCAGGTGGAATCTTCAACAGATACAATATTCTCAAGATTGAGAAGGTTTGTAAAC 2730
R D G G H A G G I F N R Y N I L K I Q K V C N

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K K L W E R Y T H R R K E V S E E N H N H A N

AACGAATGCTATTTTCATGGGTCTCCTTTTGTGAATGCAATTATCCACAAAGGCTTTGATGAAAGGCATGC 2870
E R M L F H G S P F V N A I I H K G F D E R H A

GTACATAGGTGGTATGTTTGGAGCTGGCATTATTTTGTGCTGAAAACCTCTCCAAAAGCAATCAATATGTA 2940
Y I G G M F G A G I Y F A E N S S K S N Q Y V

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Y G I G G G T G C P V H K D R S C Y I C H R Q

TGCTCTTTTGGCCGGTAACCTTGGGAAAGTCTTTCTCCTGCAGTTCAGTGCAATGAAAATGGCACATTCTCC 3080
L L F C R V T L G K S F L Q F S A M K M A H S P

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AGAGGAGAACAGGCTTATCCTGAGTATTTAATTACTTACCAGATTATGAGGCCTGAAGGTATGGTCGATG 3220
R G E Q A Y P E Y L I T Y Q I M R P E G M V D

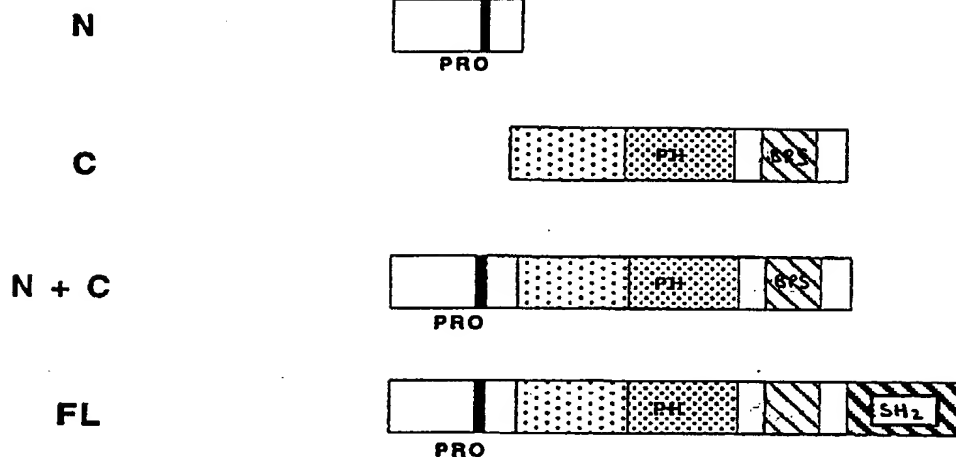
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G *

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TTTACTCCTTTGCTGAAAAAAAAATCATCTTGCCACAGGCCTGTGGCAAAGGATAAAAATGTGAACGAA 3360

GTTTAACATTCTGACTTGATAAAGCTTTAATAATGTACAG

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A**CONSTRUCT****STRUCTURE****B****CONSTRUCT**
**MEAN RLU
(LIQUID ASSAY)
(X 10³)**
**COLOUR INTENSITY
(FILTER ASSAY)**

pAS2.1	4	-
N	109	++
C	3	-
N + C	194	++
FL	242	+++

FIGURE 2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU 98/00795

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int Cl⁶: C12N 15/11, 15/12; C07K 14/46, 19/00, 16/18; G01N 33/68; C12Q 1/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
See Electronic Databases

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
See Electronic Databases

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
WPAT (DGENE) - SEQ.ID.NO:2; Genbank, EMBL, Swiss-prot, PIR - SEQ.ID.NO:1, SEQ.ID.NO:2;
MEDLINE - Grb7, Grb#, growth factor receptor bound

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	Janes PW et al. (1997) "Structural determinants of the interaction between the erbB2 receptor and the Src homology 2 domain of Grb7". The Journal of Biological Chemistry volume 272(13) pages 8490-8497. See entire document	1-15
A	Keegen K and Cooper JA "Use of the two hybrid systems to detect the association of the protein-tyrosine-phosphatase, SHPTP2, with another SH2-containing protein, Grb7" Oncogene volume 12, pages 1537-1544. See entire document	1-15



Further documents are listed in the
continuation of Box C



See patent family annex

* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date
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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T"

later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search
4 November 1998

Date of mailing of the international search report

11 NOV 1998

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